## <u>Treatment of Hypoglycaemia in Patients with Type 1 Diabetes</u>

(Blood glucose 3.9mmols or less)

If the child is co-operative and able to tolerate oral fluids:

Give 10-15grams of fast acting oral carbohydrate such as:

- 3- 4 glucose tablets
- 120mls of Original Lucozade
- ➤ 1 tube of glucogel
- ➤ 1 x Glucojuice

\*Please do not give chocolate or milk to treat a hypoglycaemia (hypo) as it WILL NOT bring glucose levels up quick enough If child refuses to drink or is uncooperative, but is conscious:

Give 1 tube of Glucogel – this is a fast acting sugary gel.

This can be administered into the inside of the patient's cheek. This will be swallowed quickly.

## After 10-15 minutes recheck blood glucose level

- ➤ If blood glucose is still 3.9mmols or less, please repeat previous step appropriate for the patient. Continue giving 10-15grams of fast acting carbohydrate and checking blood sugar level after 10mins until blood glucose level is 4.0 or above.
- ➤ When blood glucose is 4.0mmols or above give a long acting carbohydrate e.g x1 digestive or x2 rich tea biscuits.

Please note that a long acting carbohydrate is not required for patients who are on an insulin pump

➤ If a child has hypoglycaemia before a main meal, please treat the hypoglycaemic episode first with the fast acting carbohydrate as above. Once blood glucose level are 4.0mmols or above. The child can have their insulin injection with their meal.

Unconscious Patient – This is a medical emergency and IV Dextrose should be used according to the APLS guideline.

Please note – patients known to have type 1 diabetes may have an established management plan for treatment of hypoglycaemia which may vary from the above.